Assurance

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS

ASSOCIATION, LLC

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

LOCAL KNOWLEDGE, GLOBAL EXPERTISE

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC (a not-for-profit organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements (collectively, financial statements).

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 28, 2023, on our consideration of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PKF Mueller

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION **JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022**

ASSETS

		2023	2022
Cash and cash equivalents Grants receivable Employee retention credit receivable Prepaid conference expenses Investments Property and equipment, net	\$	2,723,379 1,024,734 289,190 630,792 997,695 128,197	4,707,789 853,113 - 526,148 -
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	5,793,987	6,087,050
<u>LIABILITIES A</u>	ND NET ASSETS		
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$	493,558	613,949
Accrued payroll and benefits		171,404	139,901
Deferred conference revenue		565,681	917,191
Deferred membership revenue Refundable advance		205,970 464,524	63,678 50,000
Due to related party		-	83,135
Total liabilities		1,901,137	1,867,854
Net assets:			
Without donor restrictions		3,374,211	3,200,158
With donor restrictions		518,639	1,019,038
Total net assets		3,892,850	4,219,196
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	5,793,987	6,087,050

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	WITHOUT DONOR RESTRICTIONS		WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS	TOTAL
Support and revenue:				
Contributions and grants	\$	4,414,450	641,400	5,055,850
Conferences		1,702,493	-	1,702,493
Membership dues		246,228	-	246,228
Investment return, net		(2,305)	-	(2,305)
Employee retention credit revenue		289,190	-	289,190
Other revenue		186,065	-	186,065
Net assets released from restrictions		1,141,799	(1,141,799)	
Total support and revenue		7,977,920	(500,399)	7,477,521
Expenses:				
Program services:				
Program development and support		4,605,538	-	4,605,538
Chapter support and grants		621,763	-	621,763
Annual conference		1,367,429	-	1,367,429
Membership services		249,950		249,950
Total program services		6,844,680	<u>-</u>	6,844,680
Supporting services:				
Management and general		797,640	-	797,640
Fundraising		161,547	<u> </u>	161,547
Total supporting services		959,187	<u>-</u>	959,187
Total expenses		7,803,867	<u>-</u>	7,803,867
Change in net assets		174,053	(500,399)	(326,346)
Net assets, beginning of year		3,200,158	1,019,038	4,219,196
Net assets, end of year	\$	3,374,211	518,639	3,892,850

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	WITHOUT DONOR		WITH DONOR	
	RES	STRICTIONS	RESTRICTIONS	TOTAL
Support and revenue:				
Contributions and grants	\$	3,391,395	1,245,893	4,637,288
Conferences		1,347,896	-	1,347,896
Membership dues		258,837	-	258,837
Gain on forgiveness of Paycheck Protection				
Program loan		178,509	-	178,509
Other revenue		101,213	-	101,213
Net assets released from restrictions	-	777,592	(777,592)	
Total support and revenue		6,055,442	468,301	6,523,743
Expenses:				
Program services:				
Program development and support		3,702,179	-	3,702,179
Chapter support and grants		253,407	-	253,407
Annual conference		279,252	-	279,252
Membership services		183,357	<u> </u>	183,357
Total program services		4,418,195	- _	4,418,195
Supporting services:				
Management and general		388,142	-	388,142
Fundraising		105,314		105,314
Total supporting services		493,456	<u>-</u> .	493,456
Total expenses		4,911,651	<u>-</u> _	4,911,651
Change in net assets		1,143,791	468,301	1,612,092
Net assets, beginning of year		2,056,367	550,737	2,607,104
Net assets, end of year	\$	3,200,158	1,019,038	4,219,196

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	PROGRAM SERVICES					SUPPORTING SERVICES			
	PROGRAM	CHAPTER			TOTAL			TOTAL	
	DEVELOPMENT	SUPPORT AND	ANNUAL	MEMBERSHIP	PROGRAM	MANAGEMENT		SUPPORTING	TOTAL
	AND SUPPORT	GRANTS	CONFERENCE	SERVICES	SERVICES	AND GENERAL	FUNDRAISING	SERVICES	EXPENSES
Salaries, payroll taxes, and									
benefits	\$ 1,287,880	117,125	-	155,680	1,560,685	498,928	99,825	598,753	2,159,438
Amortization expense	-	-	-	-	-	3,663	-	3,663	3,663
Professional services	933,325	45,085	147,401	16,440	1,142,251	122,705	8,000	130,705	1,272,956
Meeting expense	1,393,958	181,526	939,937	16,698	2,532,119	43,110	176	43,286	2,575,405
Grant expense	200,000	60,321	-	-	260,321	-	-	-	260,321
Information technology	61,783	64,261	58,684	24,605	209,333	11,210	33,035	44,245	253,578
Insurance	3,996	15,116	27	490	19,629	1,284	304	1,588	21,217
Travel	606,923	100,008	172,975	17,010	896,916	81,421	15,994	97,415	994,331
Office expense	45,227	15,639	41,747	3,722	106,335	10,064	2,451	12,515	118,850
Other expense	72,446	22,682	6,658	15,305	117,091	25,255	1,762	27,017	144,108
Total expenses	\$ 4,605,538	621,763	1,367,429	249,950	6,844,680	797,640	161,547	959,187	7,803,867

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	PROGRAM SERVICES					SU	PPORTING SERVICE	CES	
	PROGRAM	CHAPTER			TOTAL			TOTAL	
	DEVELOPMENT	SUPPORT AND	ANNUAL	MEMBERSHIP	PROGRAM	MANAGEMENT		SUPPORTING	TOTAL
	AND SUPPORT	GRANTS	CONFERENCE	SERVICES	SERVICES	AND GENERAL	FUNDRAISING	SERVICES	EXPENSES
Salaries, payroll taxes, and									
benefits	\$ 1,205,671	76,620	-	113,442	1,395,733	235,657	87,172	322,829	1,718,562
Professional services	1,201,434	29,332	22,860	29,928	1,283,554	107,646	-	107,646	1,391,200
Meeting expense	823,067	2,043	252,189	9,482	1,086,781	1,166	3,948	5,114	1,091,895
Grant expense	29,195	129,754	-	-	158,949	-	-	-	158,949
Information technology	116,522	1,804	-	19,424	137,750	3,852	7,532	11,384	149,134
Insurance	6,737	9,948	-	959	17,644	12,593	550	13,143	30,787
Travel	216,332	945	4,203	2,286	223,766	2,923	4,453	7,376	231,142
Office expense	44,187	2,801	-	6,742	53,730	23,381	1,357	24,738	78,468
Other expense	59,034	160		1,094	60,288	924	302	1,226	61,514
Total expenses	\$ 3,702,179	253,407	279,252	183,357	4,418,195	388,142	105,314	493,456	4,911,651

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 AND 2022

		2023	2022	
Cash provided (used) by operating activities:				
Change in net assets	\$	(326,346)	1,612,092	
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided	,	(===,===,	_,,,	
(used) by operating activities:				
Amortization		3,663	-	
Net realized and unrealized losses on investments		2,305	-	
Forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program loan		-	(178,509)	
Forgiveness of due to related party		(83,135)	-	
Changes in:				
Grants receivable		(171,621)	(543,183)	
Employee retention credit receivable		(289,190)	-	
Prepaid conference expenses		(104,644)	(199,040)	
Accounts payable		(120,391)	479,331	
Accrued payroll and benefits		31,503	15,954	
Deferred conference revenue		(351,510)	469,024	
Deferred membership revenue		142,292	(79,089)	
Refundable advance		414,524	(25,000)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(852,550)	1,551,580	
Cash used by investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment		(131,860)	-	
Purchases of investments		(1,000,000)	<u>-</u>	
Net cash used by investing activities		(1,131,860)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,984,410)	1,551,580	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		4,707,789	3,156,209	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	2,723,379	4,707,789	
Noncash financing and investing transactions:				
Forgiveness of Paycheck Protection Program loan	\$	<u> </u>	178,509	
Forgiveness of due to related party	\$	83,135	-	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Originally founded as a program of the Association for Computing Machinery ("ACM") in 2004, Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC ("CSTA") was later recognized as a not-for-profit corporation founded to empower, engage, and advocate for Computer Science teachers grades Kindergarten ("K") through 12 worldwide. CSTA commenced program operations as a not-for-profit organization on March 1, 2017.

CSTA is a membership organization that includes elementary, middle, and high school teachers, college and university faculty, supportive members of industry and government, school administrators, and other not-for-profit organizations. Two levels of individual membership include:

Basic membership - allows members to connect with the computer science community, including joining a local chapter.

CSTA+ membership - includes all the benefits of a basic membership, plus access to additional member only discounts, events, and resources.

CSTA supports approximately 100 chapters, which is comprised of local members. These local groups build community among computer science teachers who are often isolated in their schools, provide professional development to help teachers improve their craft, and connect local teacher voices to the national computer science education community.

CSTA has developed and continues to maintain the CSTA K-12 computer science standards, which delineate a core set of learning objectives designed to provide the foundation for a complete computer science curriculum and its implementation at the K-12 level.

CSTA coordinates and promotes a variety of professional development opportunities for educators and education leaders in the computer science community.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP) as applicable to not-for-profit organizations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, CSTA considers all highly liquid instruments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Concentration of Credit Risk

CSTA maintains its cash in bank deposits which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. CSTA believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Employee Retention Credit

The provisions of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (the CARES Act) provides an employee retention credit (ERC), which is a refundable tax credit against certain employment taxes for eligible employers. Management determined CSTA qualifies for the ERC and has elected to treat the credit consistent with the treatment of conditional grants. CSTA recorded a receivable and ERC grant revenue once the measurable performance or other barrier and right of return of the ERC had been overcome. CSTA has recognized \$289,190 as ERC grant revenue for the years ended June 30, 2023. CSTA has a related receivable balance of \$289,190 as of June 30, 2023. CSTA has filed for refunds of the ERC and has received \$0 to date.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment have been recorded at cost if purchased or at fair value at the time of donation if received as a gift. CSTA capitalizes property and equipment over \$2,500 that have a useful life of more than one year. Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets on a straight-line basis. Costs of maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are expensed as incurred.

<u>Investments</u>

Investments are reported at fair value in the statements of financial position. Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains and losses, interest, and dividends) is reported net of external and direct internal investment expenses and is included in the statements of activities as increases or decreases in net assets without donor restrictions unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law.

Net Assets

Net assets, revenues, gains, and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor or grantor-imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions – Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions — Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. CSTA reports contributions restricted by donors as increases in net assets with donor restrictions if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends, or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Support and Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

CSTA derives a significant portion of its revenue from revenue sources that involve contracts with customers. Those sources include conferences and membership dues. Revenues are recognized when control of these services is transferred to its customers in an amount that reflects the consideration CSTA expects to be entitled to in exchange for those services. CSTA has a significant financing component but has not adjusted the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the significant financing component as all payments are received within a year of the services being provided.

CSTA has elected to use the portfolio approach practical expedient. CSTA's contracts with customers contain similar terms and as a result, CSTA has elected to apply its revenue recognition policies to a portfolio of contracts with similar characteristics. CSTA does not expect the results of doing so to differ materially from applying the guidance to individual contracts.

Revenue from conferences are recognized on the day of the conference. Revenue from membership dues are recognized ratably over the membership term as this most accurately reflects the transfer of control. Payments are due before the membership has been granted. Membership dues and conference fees received in advance are deferred to the applicable period in which the related services are performed.

Contract Balances

The timing of revenue recognition, billings, and cash collections results in deferred revenue on the statements of financial position. The beginning and ending contract balances were as follows:

	Jur	ie 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Deferred conference revenue	\$	565,681	917,191	448,167
Deferred membership revenue		205,970	63,678	142,767

Promises to Give

CSTA recognizes contributions when cash, securities or other assets, an unconditional promise to give, or a notification of a beneficial interest is received. Conditional promises to give, that is, those with a measurable performance or other barrier, and a right of return, are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend have been substantially met. Consequently, contributions approximating \$8,490,000 and \$10,320,000 at June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, had not been recognized in the statements of activities because the conditions on which they depend had not yet been met. Cash received in advance of a condition being met is recorded as a refundable advance in the statements of financial position until the condition has been met.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Functional Expenses

The costs of program and supporting service activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. The statements of functional expenses present the natural classification detail of expenses by function. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

The financial statements report certain categories of expenses that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include salaries, payroll taxes, and benefits, professional services, meeting expenses, information technology, insurance, travel, office expense and other expense which are allocated on the basis of estimates of time and effort.

Income Taxes

CSTA has been determined to be exempt from income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and accordingly, no provision has been made for either federal or state income taxes.

CSTA has evaluated the tax positions taken for all open tax years. Currently, the returns for the prior three fiscal years are open and subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service; however, CSTA is not currently under audit nor has CSTA been contacted by this jurisdiction.

Based on the evaluation of CSTA's tax positions, management believes all positions would be upheld under an examination; therefore, no provision for the effects of uncertain tax positions has been recorded for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard – Leases

In February 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842). The FASB also subsequently issued additional ASUs, which amend and clarify Topic 842. The most significant change in the new leasing guidance is the requirement to recognize right-of-use (ROU) assets and lease liabilities for operating leases on the statement of financial position. ASU No. 2016-02 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021. The adoption of this ASU did not have a significant impact on CSTA's financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

New Accounting Standard - Credit Losses

In June 2016, the FASB issued guidance to change the accounting for credit losses. The guidance requires an entity to utilize a new impairment model known as the current expected credit loss ("CECL") model to estimate its lifetime "expected credit losses" and record an allowance that presents the net amount expected to be collected on the financial assets. The CECL framework is expected to result in earlier recognition of credit losses. CSTA intends to adopt the guidance as of July 1, 2023 and is currently evaluating the effect it is expected to have on its financial statements and related disclosures.

Management Evaluation of Going Concern

In accordance with U.S. GAAP, management performed an evaluation to determine if adverse conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, raise substantial doubt about CSTA's ability to continue as a going concern for the one-year period from the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management's evaluation did not identify any conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about CSTA's ability to continue as a going concern for the period from November 28, 2023 to November 28, 2024.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through November 28, 2023, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3 - LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY

Financial assets available for general expenditure, that is, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the date of the statement of financial position, comprise the following:

	2023		2022
Financial assets at year-end:	·		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,723,379	4,707,789
Grants receivable		1,024,734	853,113
Employee retention credit receivable		289,190	-
Investments		997,695	
Total financial assets		5,034,998	5,560,902
Less amounts not available for general expenditures within one year, due to:			
Donor-restricted for a specific purpose		518,639	1,019,038
Financial assets available to meet cash needs for general			
expenditures within one year	\$	4,516,359	4,541,864

NOTE 3 - LIQUIDITY AND AVAILABILITY, CONTINUED

CSTA's goal is to maintain available financial assets sufficient to meet general expenditures, liabilities, and other obligations as they become due.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at June 30, 2023 and 2022 consisted of the following:

		2023	2022
Website Less amortization	\$	131,860 (3,663)	
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$</u>	128,197	

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

U.S. GAAP establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that management has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly such as:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
 - Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
 - Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTE 5 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS, CONTINUED

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Following is a description of the valuation methodology used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodology used at June 30, 2023.

Certificates of deposit - Valued at estimated market prices based upon a matrix or model pricing method.

The method described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while management believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table set forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, CSTA's assets at fair value as of June 30, 2023:

	Assets at Fair Value as of June 30, 2023				
	Lev	<u>rel 1</u>	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Certificates of deposit	\$	<u> </u>	997,695		997,695

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, there were no significant transfers into or out of Level 3.

NOTE 6 - PAYCHECK PROTECTION PROGRAM LOAN

In April 2020, CSTA received loan proceeds in the amount of \$176,015 under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) established as part of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES Act). PPP loans and accrued interest are forgivable to the extent the criteria established in the CARES Act are met. CSTA applied for and received forgiveness of the full proceeds plus interest of the PPP loan. CSTA initially recorded a note payable and subsequently recorded forgiveness when the loan obligation was legally released. CSTA recognized a gain on forgiveness of PPP loan and accrued interest of \$178,509 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 7 - NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions are restricted for the following purposes or periods as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

		2022	
Chapter support	\$	180,909	452,543
Educational programs		146,330	93,397
Awards		171,000	207,989
Volunteer summit		-	112,500
Other programs		20,400	152,609
Total net assets with donor restrictions	<u>\$</u>	518,639	1,019,038

NOTE 8 - CONFERENCES AND OTHER MEETINGS

CSTA sponsors and co-sponsors conferences which amount to approximately 23% and 21% of CSTA's total support and revenue for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. CSTA's annual conference is the largest conference with revenue recognized for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 of approximately \$1,537,000 and \$836,000, respectively.

CSTA sponsors and co-sponsors conferences which amounted to approximately 18% and 6% of CSTA's total expenses for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Expenses for CSTA's annual conference for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 totaled approximately \$1,367,000 and \$280,000, respectively.

In the ordinary course of business, CSTA enters into contracts with third parties for conference sites, conference management, and other conference activities. Management believes that all conferences will be held for which outstanding commitments exist.

NOTE 9 - MAJOR GRANTORS AND CONTRIBUTORS

CSTA received approximately 59% of its annual contributions and grants from two contributors during the year ended June 30, 2023 and 56% from one contributor during the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLAN

CSTA offers a voluntary defined contribution retirement plan covering eligible employees. Employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 totaled \$60,865 and \$56,234, respectively, and are included in salaries, payroll taxes, and benefits on the statements of functional expenses.

NOTE 11 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

CSTA is a wholly-owned subsidiary of ACM. CSTA received \$410,635 and \$310,000 from ACM for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. CSTA has a balance due to ACM of \$0 and \$83,135 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The \$83,135 due to ACM was forgiven during the year ended June 30, 2023 and is included in contribution income in the statements of activities.

NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCY

The \$176,015 PPP loan and its forgiveness are subject to examination under the terms of the agreement with the Small Business Administration for a period of six years from the date the PPP loan is forgiven, which was in September 2021. CSTA is not currently under examination nor has CSTA been contacted.

The \$289,190 ERC is subject to examination for a period of up to five years from the filing date of the ERC refunds. CSTA is not currently under examination nor has CSTA been contacted.

NOTE 13 - RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain amounts in the June 30, 2022 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the June 30, 2023 presentation.





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements (collectively, financial statements) and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the organization's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's Response to Findings

Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on the internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope for our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

PKF Mueller

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Pass-through Grantor Number	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Passed through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures	
Research and Development Cluster:					
National Science Foundation					
Direct award:					
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	2031314	47.070	\$ 35,729	125,233 *	k
Pass-through programs from:					
The Research Foundation for the State University of New York					
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	2-86216	47.070	-	257,959 *	k
Pass-through programs from:					
The University of Texas at Austin					
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	2137834	47.070	-	12,122 *	k
Pass-through programs from:					
American Institute for Research					
Computer and Information Science and Engineering	1836310	47.070		20,000 *	k
Total for program			35,729	415,314	
Pass-through programs from:					
Duke University					
Education and Human Resources	2118453	47.076		229,769 *	k
Total National Science Foundation			35,729	645,083	
U.S. Department of Education Direct award:					
Education Innovation and Research	U411C190048	84.411C	_	505,079 *	*
Education Innovation and Research	S411C200115	84.411C		1,969,711 *	
Total U.S. Department of Education			_	2,474,790	
rotal o.s. Department of Education				2,717,130	
Total Research and Development Cluster			35,729	3,119,873	
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 35,729	3,119,873	

^{*} Identified as major program

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Computer Science Teachers Association, LLC (CSTA) for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of CSTA, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of CSTA.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. CSTA has elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 - NONMONETARY ASSISTANCE

CSTA neither received nor disbursed federal awards in the form of nonmonetary assistance for the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 4 - INSURANCE AND LOANS OR LOAN GUARANTEES

During the year ended June 30, 2023, CSTA received no loans, loan guarantees, or other federal assistance for the purpose of administering federal programs.

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Unmodified

Section I: Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statement Section

Type of auditor's report issued

Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness identified? Yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be a material weakness? No Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? No **Federal Awards Section** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be a material weakness? No Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? No

Identification of major programs:

Federal Assistance Listing Number 47.070, 47.076, and 84.411C Research and Development Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? No

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section II: Financial Statement Finding

FINDING 2023-01 - Misappropriation of funds

Criteria: Internal controls over financial reporting should be designed to ensure that all transactions are properly authorized.

Condition: Management brought to our attention a misappropriation of funds without donor restrictions that occurred during the fiscal year of approximately \$50,000 related to the distribution of prepaid gift cards.

Cause: Insufficient oversight over the distribution of prepaid gift cards.

Effect: Misappropriation of CSTA's funds without donor restrictions occurred.

Recommendation: We recommend that CSTA implement controls over the prepaid gift card process including dual authorization, monthly tracking, and review of each transaction by an appropriate person.

Management's Response: Management agrees with this finding. See Corrective Action Plan.

Section III: Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

COMPUTER SCIENCE TEACHERS ASSOCIATION, LLC SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

NONE



CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Year Ended June 30, 2023

FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

2023-001 Misappropriation of funds

Recommendation: The auditors recommend that CSTA implement additional controls over the distribution of prepaid gift cards to ensure that all transactions are properly authorized.

Actions Taken or Planned: CSTA is implementing new procedures for usage of a new account with their vendor to require two-level authorizations, monthly tracking and review of each transaction batch for any potential fraudulent activity, and stronger staff usage policies. These tighter financial controls will go with additional planned review and deeper managerial oversight of other staff initiated purchases, such as credit cards, to ensure we learn and grow from this situation and further strengthen our financial controls.

Additionally, the staff member who was responsible for the misappropriation of funds was terminated immediately upon discovery of the fraudulent activity.

Person Responsible: Jake Baskin, Executive Director

Estimated Date of Completion: November 2023